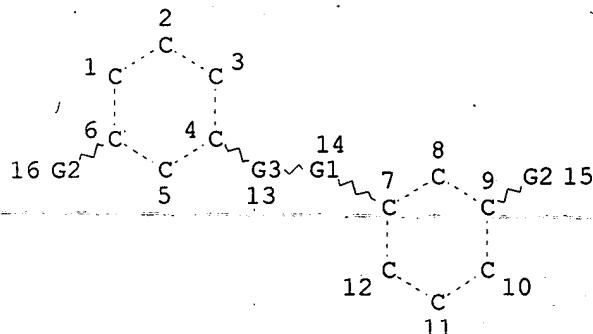


December 9, 2002

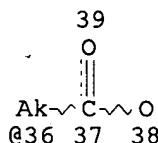
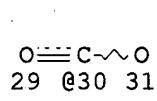
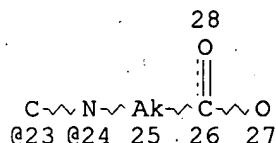
=> d que

L1

STR



C @17

C~~C~~O
@18 @19 20C~~O
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VAR G1=24-13 23-7/17/O/18-13 19-7/21

VAR G2=30/33/36

VAR G3=40/41

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

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 CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 18
 CONNECT IS E3 RC AT 19
 CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 20
 CONNECT IS E3 RC AT 21
 CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 22
 CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 23
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 CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 31
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 CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 35
 CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 36
 CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 38
 CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 40
 CONNECT IS E3 RC AT 41
 CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 42
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 GGCAT IS LOC SAT AT 36
 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

excluded *d116*

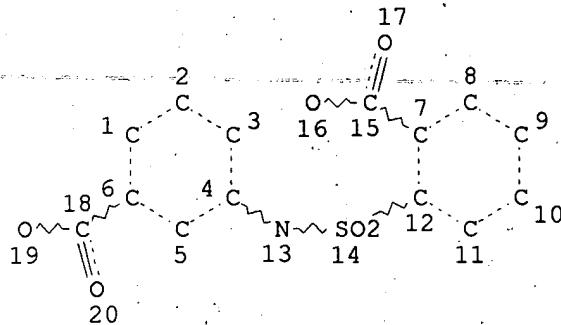
December 9, 2002

RSPEC 7 4
NUMBER OF NODES IS 42

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L3 1492939 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON NR<3 AND NRS<3 AND 46.150.18/
RID AND O>3

L5 30 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L3 SSS FUL L1
L6 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 13

CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 16

CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 19

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 20

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L8 2 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L6

L9 32 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L5 OR L8

~~L11~~ 2 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L9 AND (AUTOIMMUN? OR AUTO
IMMUN? OR ANTIBOD? OR IMMUN? OR INFECT? OR ARTHRIT? OR LUPUS
OF THROMBOCYTO? OR REJECT? OR MEASL? OR VASCUL?)

=> d ibib ab hitstr hitind 1-2

L11 ANSWER 1 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:575044 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:124993

TITLE: Trisubstituted carbocyclic cyclophilin binding
compounds and their useINVENTOR(S): Wu, Yong-Qian; Belyakov, Sergei; Hamilton, Gregory;
Limburg, David; Steiner, Joseph; Vaal, Mark; Wei,
Ling; Wilkinson, Douglas

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Guilford Pharmaceuticals Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 120 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

December 9, 2002

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002059080	A2	20020801	WO 2002-US2538	20020125
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM		RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
US 2002165275	A1	20021107	US 2002-57203	20020125
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2001-263703P	P 20010125
			US 2001-291965P	P 20010521
			US 2001-291365P	P 20010517

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 137:124993

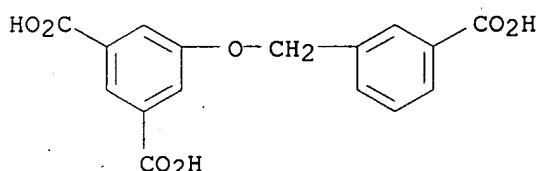
AB Novel, non-peptidic small org. compds. having an affinity for cyclophilin (CyP)-type immunophilin proteins are reported. These compds. are used for binding CyP-type proteins, inhibiting their peptidyl-prolyl isomerase activity. Thus, 5-HOC₆H₃(CO₂Me)₂-1,3 was O-benzylated, hydrolyzed to the acid and treated with 3,4-C₁₂C₆H₃NH₂ to give 5-PhCH₂OCC₆H₃Cl₂-3,4)-2-1,3. This compd. gave complete protection against cell death in L-threo-3-hydroxyaspartic acid treated spinal cord slices.

IT 444343-43-5P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(trisubstituted carbocyclic cyclophilin binding compds.)

RN 444343-43-5 HCPLUS

CN 1,3-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 5-[(3-carboxyphenyl)methoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM C07C275-00

CC 25-21 (Benzene, Its Derivatives, and Condensed Benzenoid Compounds)

IT 28023-55-4P, 5-Phenoxyisophthalic acid 28917-43-3P 28917-44-4P,

3,5-Bis(benzyl oxy)benzoyl chloride 46495-60-7P 54002-45-8P, Dimethyl

5-phenoxyisophthalate 55076-32-9P, Methyl 3-hydroxy-5-nitrobenzoate

78137-76-5P, 4-Bromo-3-nitrophenol 156750-11-7P 229310-86-5P,

1-Methoxy-2-(2-naphthylethoxy)-4-nitrobenzene 229310-87-6P

292867-34-6P 444343-31-1P 444343-32-2P 444343-33-3P 444343-34-4P

444343-35-5P 444343-36-6P 444343-37-7P 444343-38-8P 444343-40-2P

444343-41-3P 444343-42-4P 444343-43-5P 444343-44-6P

444343-45-7P 444343-47-9P 444343-48-0P 444343-50-4P 444343-51-5P

444343-52-6P 444343-53-7P 444343-54-8P 444343-56-0P 444343-57-1P

444343-59-3P 444343-60-6P 444343-61-7P 444343-62-8P 444343-63-9P

December 9, 2002

444343-64-OP 444343-65-1P 444343-66-2P 444343-67-3P 444343-68-4P
 444343-69-5P 444343-70-8P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
 (Reactant or reagent)
 (trisubstituted carbocyclic cyclophilin binding compds.)

L11 ANSWER 2 OF 2 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:969418 HCPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:202946
 TITLE: Preparation of sulfate esters of sugar alcohols for
 the treatment of arteriosclerotic changes in the
vascular walls.
 INVENTOR(S): Chucholowski, Alexander; Fingerle, Juergen; Iberg,
 Niggi; Maerki, Hans Peter; Mueller, Rita; Pech,
 Michael; Rouge, Marianne; Schmid, Gerard; Tschopp,
 Thomas; Wessel, Hans Peter
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): F. Hoffmann-La Roche AG, Switz.
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 42 pp.
 CODEN: EPXXDW
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: German
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 663391	A1	19950719	EP 1995-100180	19950109
EP 663391	B1	19970409		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
US 5521160	A	19960528	US 1995-368519	19950104
CA 2139720	AA	19950715	CA 1995-2139720	19950106
ZA 9500086	A	19950720	ZA 1995-86	19950106
AU 9510106	A1	19950727	AU 1995-10106	19950109
AU 685196	B2	19980115		
HU 72412	A2	19960429	HU 1995-52	19950109
AT 151416	E	19970415	AT 1995-100180	19950109
ES 2101583	T3	19970701	ES 1995-100180	19950109
IL 112284	A1	19981030	IL 1995-112284	19950109
FI 9500127	A	19950715	FI 1995-127	19950111
CN 1109889	A	19951011	CN 1995-101166	19950111
CN 1043349	B	19990512		
RU 2139854	C1	19991020	RU 1995-100773	19950111
NO 9500137	A	19950717	NO 1995-137	19950113
JP 07206803	A2	19950808	JP 1995-3729	19950113
JP 2862489	B2	19990303		
PL 180273	B1	20010131	PL 1995-306797	19950113
BR 9500096	A	19951031	BR 1995-96	19951013
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CH 1994-114	A 19940114
			CH 1994-3315	A 19941107

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 124:202946; MARPAT 124:202946
 AB AX(CH₂)_mB(CH₂)_pX_A [A = sugar alc. residue (deriv.),
 tris(hydroxymethyl)methyl; .gtoreq.1 of the A OH groups are esterified
 with H₂SO₄; jX = NR₁CO, NHCONH, NHCSNH, NHSO₂, NR₁, O; m, p = 0, 1; R₁ =
 H, alkyl, hydroxyalkyl; B = system of conjugated multiple bonds], were
 prep'd. Thus, (Z)-3-[3-biphenyl-4-yloxymethyl-5-[(Z)-3-
 carboxyacryloylamino]phenylcarbamoyl]acrylic acid in DMF was treated
 successively with 4-methylmorpholine, 2-chloro-4,6-dimethoxy-1,3,5-

December 9, 2002

triazine, and D-glucamine to give (Z)-butenedioic acid (Z)-[3-biphenyl-4-yloxyethyl-5-(3-D-glucit-1-ylcarbamoylacryloylamino)phenylamide]-D-glucit-1-ylamide, which was converted to (Z)-butenedioic acid (Z)-[3-biphenyl-4-yloxyethyl-5-[3-(2,3,4,5,6-penta-O-sulfo-D-glucit-1-ylcarbamoyl)acryloylamino]phenylamide]-[2,3,4,5,6-penta-O-sulfo-D-glucit-1-yl]amide. The latter had 2.2 times the antiproliferative activity of heparin without showing appreciable anticoagulative activity.

IT 171240-67-8P 171240-79-2P

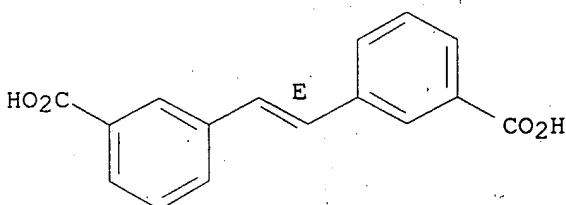
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of sulfate esters of sugar alcs. for the treatment of arteriosclerotic changes in the **vascular** walls)

RN 171240-67-8 HCPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 3,3'-(1,2-ethenediyl)bis-, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

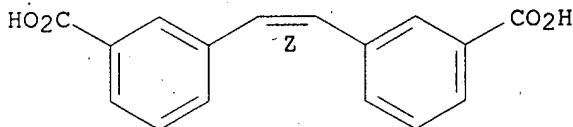


BRI 6824

RN 171240-79-2 HCPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 3,3'-(1,2-ethenediyl)bis-, (Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



IC ICM C07C305-06

ICS C07C305-10; C07C335-16; C07C311-17; C07C317-44; C07C317-22; C07D307-68; C07C317-36; A61K031-255

CC 33-7 (Carbohydrates)

Section cross-reference(s): 1

IT Antiarteriosclerotics

(prepn. of sulfate esters of sugar alcs. for the treatment of arteriosclerotic changes in the **vascular** walls)

IT Carbohydrates and Sugars, preparation

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of sulfate esters of sugar alcs. for the treatment of arteriosclerotic changes in the **vascular** walls)IT 171238-68-9P 171238-69-0P 171238-70-3P 171238-71-4P 171238-72-5P
171238-73-6P 171238-74-7P 171238-75-8P 171238-76-9P 171238-77-0P
171238-78-1P 171238-79-2P 171238-80-5P 171238-81-6P 171238-82-7P
171238-83-8P 171238-84-9P 171238-85-0P 171238-86-1P 171238-87-2P

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RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of sulfate esters of sugar alcs. for the treatment of arteriosclerotic changes in the **vascular** walls)

IT 56-91-7, 4-(Aminomethyl)benzoic acid 77-86-1,
Tris(hydroxymethyl)aminomethane 91-08-7, Toluene-2,6-diisocyanate
91-93-0 91-97-4 92-69-3, 4-Hydroxybiphenyl 92-88-6,
4,4'-Dihydroxybiphenyl 99-63-8, Isophthaloyl dichloride 100-02-7,
4-Nitrophenol, reactions 100-21-0, Terephthalic acid, reactions
100-28-7, 4-Nitrophenyl isocyanate 101-68-8, 4,4'-
Diphenylmethanediisocyanate 108-31-6, Maleic anhydride, reactions
108-45-2, 1,3-Diaminobenzene, reactions 121-63-1, 4,4'-
Oxybis(benzenesulfonyl chloride) 121-91-5, Isophthalic acid, reactions
312-30-1 383-29-9, Bis(4-fluorophenyl)sulfone 453-71-4,
4-Fluoro-3-nitrobenzoic acid 488-43-7, Glucamine 530-62-1 535-11-5,
Ethyl 2-bromopropionate 584-84-9, Toluene-2,4-diisocyanate 605-70-9,
Naphthalene-1,4-dicarboxylic acid 616-29-5 618-83-7,
5-Hydroxyisophthalic acid 619-45-4, Methyl 4-aminobenzoate 620-92-8,
Bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)methane 627-63-4, Fumaric acid dichloride
787-70-2, Biphenyl-4,4'-dicarboxylic acid 790-83-0, Diphenylmethane-4,4'-
dicarboxylic acid 792-26-7 964-68-1, Benzophenone-4,4'-dicarboxylic
acid 1122-91-4, 4-Bromobenzaldehyde 1141-38-4, Naphthalene-2,6-
dicarboxylic acid 1171-47-7 1571-08-0, Methyl 4-formylbenzoate
1928-01-4, Naphthalene-1,5-disulfonyl chloride 2215-89-6,
4,4'-Oxydibenzoic acid 3132-99-8, 3-Bromobenzaldehyde 3406-84-6,
Biphenyl-4,4'-disulfonyl chloride 3597-91-9, Biphenyl-4-ylmethanol
3634-83-1 3965-53-5 4044-65-9, 1,4-Phenylenediisothiocyanate
4064-06-6, 1,2:3,4-Di-O-isopropylidene-.alpha.-D-galactopyranose
4462-61-7, 4,4'-Sulfonyldibenzoyl chloride 5292-43-3, tert-Butyl
bromoacetate 5331-87-3 6284-40-8, N-Methyl-D-glucamine 6630-33-7,
2-Bromobenzaldehyde 7314-06-9 7377-26-6, Terephthalic acid monomethyl
ester chloride 13057-23-3 13653-84-4 13887-98-4 15051-26-0
16819-43-5 18469-52-8, Methyl 4-(aminomethyl)benzoate 18637-83-7
19139-74-3, 2,3:4,5-Di-O-isopropylidene-D-arabinitol 19360-67-9,
(4-Carboxyphenoxy)acetic acid 22608-45-3 27876-94-4,
8,8'-Diapo-.psi.,.psi.-carotenedioic acid 36901-75-4,
2-Bromobenzyltriphenylphosphonium bromide 42015-13-4 56525-63-4,
Methyl 3-chloro-4-methylbenzoate 57027-74-4 58217-76-8 58574-03-1,
4-(4-Hydroxyphenyl)benzoic acid 69686-08-4 71769-38-5 74299-91-5
74367-78-5, 3,5-Dinitrobenzyl chloride 83598-30-5 95902-10-6

133005-88-6 171239-70-6 171240-50-9 171240-56-5 171240-99-6
 171241-00-2 171241-02-4

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of sulfate esters of sugar alcs. for the treatment of
 arteriosclerotic changes in the **vascular** walls)

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	171239-58-0P	171239-59-1P	171239-60-4P	171239-61-5P	171239-62-6P
	171239-63-7P	171239-64-8P	171239-65-9P	171239-66-0P	171239-67-1P
	171239-68-2P	171239-69-3P	171239-71-7P	171239-72-8P	171239-73-9P
	171239-74-0P	171239-75-1P	171239-76-2P	171239-77-3P	171239-78-4P
	171239-79-5P	171239-80-8P	171239-81-9P	171239-82-0P	171239-83-1P
	171239-84-2P	171239-85-3P	171239-86-4P	171239-87-5P	171239-88-6P
	171239-89-7P	171239-90-0P	171239-91-1P	171239-92-2P	171239-93-3P
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	171338-20-8P				

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of sulfate esters of sugar alcs. for the treatment of
 arteriosclerotic changes in the **vascular** walls)

AN 1987:176477 APLUS
DN 106:176477

TI Reagents and synthetic methods. 57. Reduction of carbonyl compounds promoted by silicon hydrides under the influence of trimethylsilyl-based reagents

AU Aizpurua, Jesus M.; Lecea, Begona; Palomo, Claudio
CS Fac. Quim., Univ. Pais Vasco, San Sebastian, 20080, Spain
SO Can. J. Chem. (1986), 64(12), 2342-7
CODEN: CJCHAG; ISSN: 0008-4042

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 106:176477

AB 1,1,3,3-Tetramethyldisiloxane (I) in combination with iodotrimethylsilane or bromotrimethylsilane produces alkyl halides from aldehydes in good to excellent yields. Polymethylhydrosilane (II) in the presence of iodotrimethylsilane also produces benzyl iodides in excellent yields. On the contrary, II was unsuitable for the synthesis of benzyl bromides. Similarly, I in combination with trimethylsilyl triflate produces sym. ethers from aldehydes without concomitant formation of competitive products. Under similar conditions, II failed to provide the expected sym. ethers and Friedel-Crafts products were formed. Redn. of quinones to hydroquinones is also described.

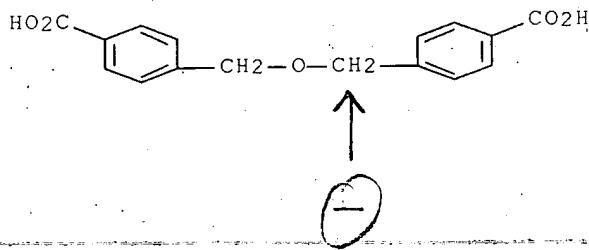
IT 55255-64-6P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of, by redn. of aldehyde by silicon hydride)

RN 55255-64-6 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4,4'-[oxybis(methylene)]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



D/E

AN 1989:593845 HCAPLUS

DN 111:193845

TI Kinetics and mechanism of the reaction of sodium hydroxide on
4-(halomethyl)-3-nitrobenzoic acids and the corresponding non-nitro
derivatives in aqueous dioxane

AU Riad, Y.; El-Bardan, A.; Gundermann, K. D.

CS Fac. Sci., Alexandria Univ., Alexandria, Egypt

SO J. Chem. Res., Synop. (1989), (3), 78-9

CODEN: JRPSDC; ISSN: 0308-2342

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 111:193845

AB The relative rates for the hydrolysis [to give 3,4-R(HOCH₂)C₆H₃CO₂H (R = H, NO₂)] and etherification [to give (2,4-R(HO₂C)C₆H₃CH₂)₂O (R = H, NO₂)] were detd. for 3,4-R(R₁CH₂)C₆H₃CO₂H (R = H, NO₂; R₁ = halo) under the title conditions. The mechanism of the reactions are discussed. No ortho-effect is obsd.

IT 55255-64-6P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. of)

RN 55255-64-6 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4,4'-[oxybis(methylene)]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX, NAME)

